91984 to 92000-Continued.

91989. ALLIUM GEYERI S. Wats.

For previous introduction and description see 91038.

ALLIUM TEXTILE Nelson and Mc-Bride.

A hardy wild onion, with semiterete linear leaves which are shorter than the foot-high scape. The white flowers with purple keels are in lax umbels. Native to North America.

91991. KALANCHOE FLAMMEA Stapf. Crassulaceae.

A stout erect pale-green succulent, 1 foot high, native to Somaliland, Africa. The obovate, entire, or obscurely crenulate leaves are over 3 inches long, and the flowers are in a flat cyme 4 to 5 inches across. The corolla tube is pale yellow, while the petals are bright orange-red.

91992 to 91996. PRIMULA spp. Primula-

91992. PRIMULA ALGIDA Adam.

A perennial primrose, white or yellow-mealy throughout, with oblong-spatulate leaves and deep rose-violet flowers. It is native to damp places in Asia Minor and is closely related to Primula farinosa.

91993. PRIMULA LEUCOPHYLLA Pax.

For previous introduction and description see 91830.

91994. PRIMULA PAXIANA Gilg.

A showy herbaceous perennial with thin cordate-reniform triangular-lobed denticulate leaves on long petioles. The scape is 16 to 20 inches high and bears three to four superposed umbels of blue-lilac flowers 1 inch across. It is native to China.

91995. PRIMULA PAXII Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

91996. PRIMULA URALENSIS Hort.

name for which a place of pub-ion and a description have not lication been found.

91997 to 92000. Rosa spp. Rosaceae. Rose.

91997. Rosa Beggeriana Schrenk.

A bush 4 to 8 feet high with prickly pinnate leaves; the leaflets, usually seven to nine, are elliptic to oblong, smooth and deep green above, generally thickly hairy and bluish-green below. The inflorescences are 1 to nearly 50 flowered; the flowers are white, cream colored or more nearly red. The fruits are very dark red.

For previous introduction see 65774. 91998. ROSA CORNIFOLIA Hort.

A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

91999. Rosa Wasserburgensis Kirschl.

Said to be a hybrid between Rosa tomentosa and R. pendulina.

For previous introduction see 66945.

91984 to 92000—Continued.

92000. Rosa zagrabiensis Vukot. and Braun.

A large shrub with a very thorny stem and very leafy long branches. The five to seven leaflets are oval to oval-elliptic, and the pale-rose flowers are solitary or in twos or threes. It is related to Rosa zalana Wiesb. Native to Croatia.

92001. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L. (Prunus persica Stokes). Amygdalaceae.

From Morocco. Seeds presented by H. Brayard, Ingénieur Horticole, Directeur de la Ferme Expérimentale, Marrakech. Received March 11, 1931.

Introduced for the use of specialists interested in plant breeding.

92002. Medicago sativa varia (Mart.) Urban. Fabaceae.

Variegated alfalfa.

From Canada. Seeds purchased from William Rennie Co. (Ltd.), Toronto. Received March 11, 1931.

Canadian.

92003 to 92010.

From Wales. Seeds presented by Dr. R. G. Stapledon, Director, Welsh Plant-Breeding Station, Aberystwyth. Received March 11, 1931.

92003 to 92008. TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE L. Fabaceae. Red clover.

Named varieties of late-flowering red clover.

92003. Montgomery.

92004. Cotswold.

92005. Vale of Clwyd. 92006. Cornish Marl.

92007. Huntingdonshire.

92008. Hasex.

92009. PHLEUM PRATENSE L. Poaceae Timothy.

92010. PHLEUM PRATENSE L. Poaceae. Timothy.

92011 to 92022. ARACHIS HYPOGAEA L. Fabaceae.

From Java. Seeds presented by L. Koch, Chief of the Section for the Breeding of Annual Plants, General Experiment Station, Buitenzorg. Received March 11,

A collection of pure strains, isolated from the erect type of Javanese peanuts, which are practically resistant to a bacterial root disease that is very common in Java.

92011. No. 34. 92017. No. 44. 92012. No. 7. 92018, No. 6. 92013. No. 9. 92019. No. 15.

92020. No. 43. 92014. No. 16. 92021. No. 21.

92015. No. 10.

92016. No. 49. 92022. No. 20.